

## Pre-Calculus – 5-1 Practice

**Learning Target:** *I can use trig identities to simplify expressions.*

$$1. \frac{1}{\sin^2 x} - \frac{1}{\tan^2 x}$$

$$2. \frac{1 + \cos x \tan x \csc x}{\csc x}$$

$$3. \frac{\sin^4 x - \sin^2 x}{\sec x}$$

$$4. \frac{-\tan^2 x - 1}{\sec^2 x}$$

$$5. \frac{\tan^3 x - \sec^2 x \tan x}{\cot(-x)}$$

$$6. \sin x + \frac{\cos^2 x}{\sin x}$$

$$7. \frac{1}{\sin^3 x} + \frac{\cot^2 x}{\sin(-x)}$$

$$8. \sin(-x) \cot(-x)$$

$$9. \frac{\sin x}{\cos(-x)} + \frac{\sin(-x)}{\cos x}$$

$$10. \frac{1}{\cos\left(\frac{\pi}{2} - \theta\right)}$$

$$11. \frac{\tan \theta}{\csc\left(\theta - \frac{\pi}{2}\right)}$$

$$12. \frac{1}{\cos^2 \theta} - \frac{1}{\cot^2 \theta}$$

$$13. \cos \theta (\sec \theta - \cos \theta)$$

$$14. (\csc x - 1)(\csc x + 1)$$

$$15. \frac{\sec^2 \theta - \tan^2 \theta}{\csc\left(\frac{\pi}{2} - \theta\right)}$$

$$16. \frac{\sin x}{\csc x} + \frac{\cos x}{\sec x}$$

**Learning Target:** *I can use trig identities to calculate non-Unit Circle trig value without a calculator.*

$$17. \text{Find } \cos \theta \text{ and } \sin \theta, \text{ if } \tan \theta = \frac{1}{2}; \sin \theta > 0.$$

$$18. \text{Find } \tan \theta \text{ and } \sec \theta, \text{ if } \sin \theta = \frac{3}{4}; \cos \theta < 0.$$

$$19. \text{Find } \csc \theta \text{ and } \tan \theta, \text{ if } \sec \theta = \frac{-4\sqrt{5}}{5}; \sin \theta > 0.$$

**Learning Target:** *I can use trig identities to solve equations.*

$$20. \frac{1 + \sin x}{\cos x} + \frac{\cos x}{1 + \sin x} = 4$$

$$21. \cot x \cos^2 x = 2 \cot x$$

$$22. 2 \sin^2 \theta = 3 \cos \theta$$

$$23. \tan x = 3 \sin x$$

$$24. \sec \theta = 2 \cos \theta$$

$$25. \frac{4}{\sec^2 x} + 3 \cos x = 2 \cot x \tan x$$

$$26. 4 \sin x \cos x + 2 \sin x - 2 \cos x - 1 = 0$$

$$27. \cos^2 \theta = -6 \sin \theta$$