## -Vocabulary and Core Concept Check

- 1. **COMPLETE THE SENTENCE** The function  $y = \frac{7}{x+4} + 3$  has a(n) \_\_\_\_\_ of all real numbers except 3 and a(n) \_\_\_\_\_ of all real numbers except -4.
- 2. WRITING Is  $f(x) = \frac{-3x + 5}{2^x + 1}$  a rational function? Explain your reasoning.

## Monitoring Progress and Modeling with Mathematics

In Exercises 3-10, graph the function. Compare the graph with the graph of  $f(x) = \frac{1}{x}$ . (See Example 1.)

3. 
$$g(x) = \frac{3}{x}$$

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$$g(x) = \frac{3}{x}$$
 4.  $g(x) = \frac{10}{x}$ 

**5.** 
$$g(x) = \frac{-5}{x}$$
 **6.**  $g(x) = \frac{-9}{x}$ 

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7. 
$$g(x) = \frac{15}{x}$$

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$$g(x) = \frac{15}{x}$$
 8.  $g(x) = \frac{-12}{x}$ 

**9.** 
$$g(x) = \frac{-0.5}{x}$$
 **10.**  $g(x) = \frac{0.1}{x}$ 

**10.** 
$$g(x) = \frac{0.1}{x}$$

In Exercises 11-18, graph the function. State the domain and range. (See Example 2.)

**11.** 
$$g(x) = \frac{4}{x} + 3$$
 **12.**  $y = \frac{2}{x} - 3$ 

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**13.** 
$$h(x) = \frac{6}{x-1}$$
 **14.**  $y = \frac{1}{x+2}$ 

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$$y = \frac{1}{x+2}$$

15. 
$$h(x) = \frac{-3}{x+2}$$
 16.  $f(x) = \frac{-2}{x-7}$ 

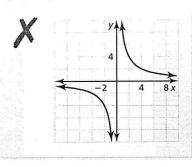
**16.** 
$$f(x) = \frac{-2}{x - 7}$$

17. 
$$g(x) = \frac{-3}{x-4} - 1$$
 18.  $y = \frac{10}{x+7} - 5$ 

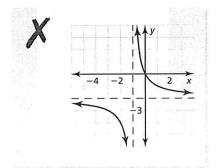
**18.** 
$$y = \frac{10}{x+7} - 5$$

ERROR ANALYSIS In Exercises 19 and 20, describe and correct the error in graphing the rational function.

**19.** 
$$y = \frac{-8}{x}$$



**20.** 
$$y = \frac{2}{x-1} - 2$$



ANALYZING RELATIONSHIPS In Exercises 21-24, match the function with its graph. Explain your reasoning.

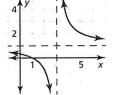
**21.** 
$$g(x) = \frac{2}{x-3} + 1$$
 **22.**  $h(x) = \frac{2}{x+3} + 1$ 

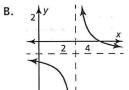
**22.** 
$$h(x) = \frac{2}{x+3} + 1$$

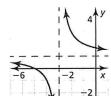
**23.** 
$$f(x) = \frac{2}{x-3} - 1$$
 **24.**  $y = \frac{2}{x+3} - 1$ 

**24.** 
$$y = \frac{2}{x+3}$$

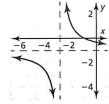












In Exercises 25-32, graph the function. State the domain and range. (See Example 3.)

**25.** 
$$f(x) = \frac{x+4}{x-3}$$
 **26.**  $y = \frac{x-1}{x+5}$ 

**26.** 
$$y = \frac{x-1}{x+5}$$

**27.** 
$$y = \frac{x+6}{4x-8}$$

**27.** 
$$y = \frac{x+6}{4x-8}$$
 **28.**  $h(x) = \frac{8x+3}{2x-6}$ 

**29.** 
$$f(x) = \frac{-5x + 2}{4x + 5}$$
 **30.**  $g(x) = \frac{6x - 1}{3x - 1}$ 

**30.** 
$$g(x) = \frac{6x-1}{3x-1}$$

**31.** 
$$h(x) = \frac{-5x}{-2x-3}$$
 **32.**  $y = \frac{-2x+3}{-x+10}$ 

**32.** 
$$y = \frac{-2x+3}{-x+10}$$

In Exercises 33-40, rewrite the function in the form  $g(x) = \frac{a}{x - h} + k$ . Graph the function. Describe the graph of g as a transformation of the graph of  $f(x) = \frac{a}{x}$ (See Example 4.)

**33.** 
$$g(x) = \frac{5x+6}{x+1}$$
 **34.**  $g(x) = \frac{7x+4}{x-3}$ 

**34.** 
$$g(x) = \frac{7x+4}{x-3}$$

**35.** 
$$g(x) = \frac{2x-4}{x-5}$$
 **36.**  $g(x) = \frac{4x-11}{x-2}$ 

$$36. \quad g(x) = \frac{4x - 11}{x - 2}$$

**37.** 
$$g(x) = \frac{x+18}{x-6}$$
 **38.**  $g(x) = \frac{x+2}{x-8}$ 

$$38. \quad g(x) = \frac{x+2}{x-8}$$

**39.** 
$$g(x) = \frac{7x - 20}{x + 13}$$
 **40.**  $g(x) = \frac{9x - 3}{x + 7}$ 

**40.** 
$$g(x) = \frac{9x - 3}{x + 7}$$

- 41. PROBLEM SOLVING Your school purchases a math software program. The program has an initial cost of \$500 plus \$20 for each student that uses the program. (See Example 5.)
  - a. Estimate how many students must use the program for the average cost per student to fall to \$30.
  - b. What happens to the average cost as more students use the program?
- 42. PROBLEM SOLVING To join a rock climbing gym, you must pay an initial fee of \$100 and a monthly fee of \$59.
  - a. Estimate how many months you must purchase a membership for the average cost per month to fall
  - b. What happens to the average cost as the number of months that you are a member increases?
- 43. USING STRUCTURE What is the vertical asymptote of the graph of the function  $y = \frac{2}{x+4} + 7$ ?

$$\bigcirc$$
  $x = -7$ 

(C) 
$$x = 4$$

① 
$$x = 7$$

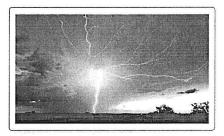
**44. REASONING** What are the *x*-intercept(s) of the graph of the function  $y = \frac{x-5}{x^2-1}$ ?

B) 5

**45. USING TOOLS** The time t (in seconds) it takes for sound to travel 1 kilometer can be modeled by

$$t = \frac{1000}{0.6T + 331}$$

where T is the air temperature (in degrees Celsius).



- a. You are 1 kilometer from a lightning strike. You hear the thunder 2.9 seconds later. Use a graph to find the approximate air temperature.
- b. Find the average rate of change in the time it takes sound to travel 1 kilometer as the air temperature increases from 0°C to 10°C.
- 46. MODELING WITH MATHEMATICS A business is studying the cost to remove a pollutant from the ground at its site. The function  $y = \frac{15x}{1.1 - x}$ models the estimated cost y (in thousands of dollars) to remove x percent (expressed as a decimal) of the pollutant.
  - a. Graph the function. Describe a reasonable domain and range.
  - b. How much does it cost to remove 20% of the pollutant? 40% of the pollutant? 80% of the pollutant? Does doubling the percentage of the pollutant removed double the cost? Explain.

USING TOOLS In Exercises 47-50, use a graphing calculator to graph the function. Then determine whether the function is even, odd, or neither.

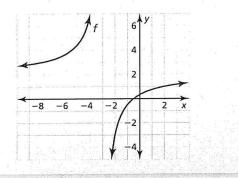
**47.** 
$$h(x) = \frac{6}{x^2 + 1}$$
 **48.**  $f(x) = \frac{2x^2}{x^2 - 9}$ 

**48.** 
$$f(x) = \frac{2x^2}{x^2 - 9}$$

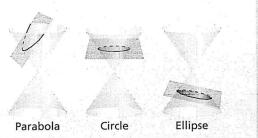
**49.** 
$$y = \frac{x^3}{3x^2 + x^4}$$

**49.** 
$$y = \frac{x^3}{3x^2 + x^4}$$
 **50.**  $f(x) = \frac{4x^2}{2x^3 - x}$ 

- 51. MAKING AN ARGUMENT Your friend claims it is possible for a rational function to have two vertical asymptotes. Is your friend correct? Justify your answer.
- 52. HOW DO YOU SEE IT? Use the graph of f to determine the equations of the asymptotes. Explain.



- 53. DRAWING CONCLUSIONS In what line(s) is the graph of  $y = \frac{1}{x}$  symmetric? What does this symmetry tell you about the inverse of the function  $f(x) = \frac{1}{x}$ ?
- 54. THOUGHT PROVOKING There are four basic types of conic sections: parabola, circle, ellipse, and hyperbola. Each of these can be represented by the intersection of a double-napped cone and a plane. The intersections for a parabola, circle, and ellipse are shown below. Sketch the intersection for a hyperbola.

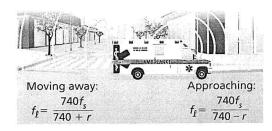


55. **REASONING** The graph of the rational function f is a hyperbola. The asymptotes of the graph of f intersect at (3, 2). The point (2, 1) is on the graph. Find another point on the graph. Explain your reasoning.

- 56. ABSTRACT REASONING Describe the intervals where the graph of  $y = \frac{a}{x}$  is increasing or decreasing when (a) a > 0 and (b) a < 0. Explain your reasoning.
- 57. PROBLEM SOLVING An Internet service provider charges a \$50 installation fee and a monthly fee of \$43. The table shows the average monthly costs y of a competing provider for x months of service. Under what conditions would a person choose one provider over the other? Explain your reasoning.

Months, x	Average monthly cost (dollars), <i>y</i>
6	\$49.83
12	\$46.92
18	\$45.94
24	\$45.45

MODELING WITH MATHEMATICS The Doppler effect occurs when the source of a sound is moving relative to a listener, so that the frequency  $f_{\ell}$  (in hertz) heard by the listener is different from the frequency  $f_s$  (in hertz) at the source. In both equations below, r is the speed (in miles per hour) of the sound source.



- a. An ambulance siren has a frequency of 2000 hertz. Write two equations modeling the frequencies heard when the ambulance is approaching and when the ambulance is moving away.
- b. Graph the equations in part (a) using the domain  $0 \le r \le 60.$
- c. For any speed r, how does the frequency heard for an approaching sound source compare with the frequency heard when the source moves away?

## Maintaining Mathematical Proficiency

Reviewing what you learned in previous grades and lessons

Factor the polynomial. (Skills Review Handbook)

**59.** 
$$4x^2 - 4x - 80$$

**60.** 
$$3x^2 - 3x - 6$$

**61.** 
$$2x^2 - 2x - 12$$

**62.** 
$$10x^2 + 31x - 14$$

Simplify the expression. (Section 5.2)

**65.** 
$$\frac{6^{5/4}}{6^{1/4}}$$

**66.** 
$$\frac{6^8}{6^{10}}$$

**63**. 3<sup>2</sup> • 3<sup>4</sup>