

Pre-Calculus Semester 2 Final Formulas

Trig Identities

$$\begin{aligned}\cos 2\theta &= 2\cos^2 \theta - 1 \\ &\quad 1 - 2\sin^2 \theta \\ \cos^2 \theta - \sin^2 \theta &= 1\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}\sin 2\theta &= 2\sin \theta \cos \theta \\ \cos^2 \theta + \sin^2 \theta &= 1\end{aligned}$$

Series

$$\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} ar^{n-1} = \frac{a}{1-r}$$

$$\sum_{i=1}^n ar^{i-1} = \frac{a(1-r^n)}{1-r}$$

$$\sum_{i=1}^n a + d(i-1) = \frac{n}{2}(a_1 + a_n)$$

Laws of Sines & Cosines

$$\frac{\sin A}{a} = \frac{\sin B}{b} = \frac{\sin C}{c}$$

$$a^2 = b^2 + c^2 - 2bc \cos A$$

Polar Equations/ Vectors/ Parametric Equations

$$x = r \cos \theta$$

$$y = r \sin \theta$$

$$x^2 + y^2 = r^2$$

Conic Sections

$$\frac{(x-h)^2}{a^2} - \frac{(y-k)^2}{b^2} = 1$$

$$c^2 = a^2 + b^2$$

$$\frac{(x-h)^2}{a^2} + \frac{(y-k)^2}{b^2} = 1$$

$$c^2 = \text{big}^2 - \text{small}^2$$

$$(x-h)^2 = 4p(y-k)$$

$$(y-k)^2 = 4p(x-h)$$

Pre-Calculus Semester 2 Final Formulas

Trig Identities

$$\begin{aligned}\cos 2\theta &= 2\cos^2 \theta - 1 \\ &\quad 1 - 2\sin^2 \theta \\ \cos^2 \theta - \sin^2 \theta &= 1\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}\sin 2\theta &= 2\sin \theta \cos \theta \\ \cos^2 \theta + \sin^2 \theta &= 1\end{aligned}$$

Series

$$\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} ar^{n-1} = \frac{a}{1-r}$$

$$\sum_{i=1}^n ar^{i-1} = \frac{a(1-r^n)}{1-r}$$

$$\sum_{i=1}^n a + d(i-1) = \frac{n}{2}(a_1 + a_n)$$

Laws of Sines & Cosines

$$\frac{\sin A}{a} = \frac{\sin B}{b} = \frac{\sin C}{c}$$

$$a^2 = b^2 + c^2 - 2bc \cos A$$

Polar Equations/ Vectors/ Parametric Equations

$$x = r \cos \theta$$

$$y = r \sin \theta$$

$$x^2 + y^2 = r^2$$

Conic Sections

$$\frac{(x-h)^2}{a^2} - \frac{(y-k)^2}{b^2} = 1$$

$$c^2 = a^2 + b^2$$

$$\frac{(x-h)^2}{a^2} + \frac{(y-k)^2}{b^2} = 1$$

$$c^2 = \text{big}^2 - \text{small}^2$$

$$(x-h)^2 = 4p(y-k)$$

$$(y-k)^2 = 4p(x-h)$$